Directorate of Health Services, Kerala (Public Health Divn.)

Influenza A H1N1 A B C Guidelines

(adapted from the Gol- MoHFW guidelines, and updated 2017 July)

Case definition of ILI (Influenza Like Illness)

An acute respiratory infection with:-

- Measured fever of ≥ 38 C° (≥100°F)
- And any of the respiratory symptoms including coryza, sore throat, cough with onset within the last 10 days.

1. Categorization

- Category A An ILI case not requiring hospitalization.
- <u>Category-B</u> (Bi) An ILI case which might require hospitalization, due to comparatively severe onset
- (Bii) Cat A ILI cases with any of the following physiological or co-morbid condition irrespective of hospitalisation --
- Pregnancy or post natal period
- Pre-existing Diabetes / lung/ heart / liver/ kidney / neurological disease, blood disorders/ / cancer / HIV-AIDS etc
- On long term steroids, or those with immuno-supression due to drugs, radiation, etc.
- Age \geq 65 years.

- Category-C
- ILI cases with ANY ONE of the following conditions--
 - 1. breathlessness,
 - 2. chest pain
 - 3. drowsiness
 - 4. fall in blood pressure,
 - 5. haemoptysis
 - 6. cyanosis
- ILI cases in children with with ANY ONE of the red flag signs
 - 1. somnolence,
 - 2. high / persistent fever,
 - 3. inability to feed,
 - 4. convulsions,
 - 5. dyspnoea/respiratory distress, etc.

2. Influenza A H1N1 Testing:

- Only Sentinel type testing --for epidemiological purposes (,ie, for a constant monitoring of the prevalence in a District / region, keeping watch on swab positivity rates etc)
- supervised by respective District Surveillance Officers (DSO)
- Other than this, testing may sometimes be indicated in-
 - unusual clinical presentations,
 - for retrospective confirmation in such a death,
 - failure to respond even after 5 days extension of conventional Oseltamivir therapy,
 - localised outbreak-like situation in an institution like a school, hostel, campus, etc
- <u>Testing SHOULD NOT be used for clinical management decision</u> to initiate Oseltamivir treatment. Do <u>NOT wait for test results</u> on any occasion, to initiate Oseltamivir treatment.
- If testing is felt indicated, contact your DSO for guidance.

Influenza A H1N1 Testing...contd

Specimens required -

- 1 throat swab and 1 nasal swab, -- Dacron swab, --immersed together in single VTM (Viral Transport Medium) tube, immediately -cold chain/ refrigerated till dispatch at 2-8 degrees C.
- Endo tracheal aspirate in VTM tube, if the patient is ventilated.
- Specimen --Triple layer packed -- despatched through the DSO -reverse cold chain. Never send parcels directly/ through bystanders.
- Testing centres Two authorized testing centres for Kerala**---
 - Manipal Centre for Virus Research (MCVR), KMC, Manipal University Manipal, Udupi, Karnataka State.
 - NIV Unit, Medical College, Alappuzha
- ** At any point in time either lab may not be active due to materials
 /supplies issues. Details from time to time will be available with DSO/DMO of
 your district

3. Management:

- ILI- Category- A -- No Oseltamivir required
- --Symptomatic treatment
 - --Good supportive measures
 - Plenty of warm nourishing oral fluids,
 - Good food intake including locally available Vit A rich fruits and green leafy vegetables
 - Complete rest
- --Monitor progress, and reassess, at 24 to 48

hours

 Any suggestion of deterioration / failure to improve?-- report in person immediately to treating doctor.

- ILI Category-B
- (B-i and B-ii)
- (B-i) ----- Home isolation / rest
- ---Oseltamivir may very often need to be started as per clinical assessment and the availability of patient for direct follow up;
- (B-ii) ------Start Oseltamivir immediately
- If any suggestion of deterioration/ failure to improve, patient is to report in person immediately to treating doctor.

ILI Category-C

- Start Oseltamivir immediately, WITHOUT
 WAITING FOR TEST RESULTS if testing already
 done. This has to be given as co prescription along
 with all other intensive measures and drugs being
 used.
- Hospitalization immediately
- Intensive supportive management as necessary.

4. IMPORTANT NOTES:

- So ,--ILI related with pregnancy → suspect H1N1, START OSELTAMIVIR IMMEDIATELY at standard dose.
- If referring to a higher centre then IT IS MANDATORY TO START OSELTAMIVIR before referral and the drug should be continued at higher centre also.
- Oseltamivir in pregnancy is considered safe
- "Counseled prescription" should be given.

IMPORTANT NOTES contd...

- NEGATIVE Real Time PCR for Influenza A H1N1
 DOES NOT RULE OUT Influenza A H1N1 infection.
- Irrespective of any Influenza A H1N1 Real Time PCR test result, Oseltamivir therapy full course should be completed once started.
- Influenza A H1N1 is a seasonal virus and it is prevalent in the community.
- Best infection control practices include regular and frequent hand-washing / hand hygiene also.

5.Oseltamivir dosage schedule

- Dose for treatment is as follows:
 - By Weight:
- For weight <15kg
 30 mg BD for 5 days
- 15-23kg 45 mg BD for 5 days
- 24-<40kg 60 mg BD for 5 days
- >40kg 75 mg BD for 5 days
- For infants:
- < 3 months12 mg BD for 5 days
- 3-5 months
 20 mg BD for 5 days
- 6-11 months
 25 mg BD for 5 days
- It may also be available as syrup (12mg per ml) -->administered in powdered sugar, sugar syrup, or honey.
- **SPECIAL DOSE**---If needed dose & duration can be modified as per clinical condition Eg, in Cat C cases only, where the response is assessed as 'not enough' by the treating team, dose may be increased to 150 mg BD one a one to one basis.
- ****Dose for chemoprophylaxis (only in special circumstances-see section 6) is similar, except that it is **Once** daily, for 10 days (see section 6)

6. Chemo prophylaxis

- Widespread Chemoprophylaxis to family/school/social contacts of a positive case NOT NEEDED- But --
 - For those contacts of a documented case of H1N1 with high risk Eg. pregnancy/ diabetes / liver / kidney disease, Asthma / immuno-suppressed / very low or high age etc etc as in Cat B-ii, Oseltamivir 1 OD x 10 days may be given
 - Other contacts reassure, recommend watchfulness, assess category. If and when they show any symptoms, , then <u>treat as per ABC guidelines</u>

7. General Guidelines for schools / educational institutions if outbreak escalates

- Medical certificate should not be insisted on from preventive absentees.
- Promote frequent hand wash with soap and water.
- All to observe strict cough / sneeze etiquette, teachers to continuously educate and mentor students in this regard
- Regular cleaning with the regular cleaning agent they ordinarily use
- Hostels need not be closed down, but monitor the health of resident students and staff regularly

HELP!

 For any clarifications or any related advice, please contact your DMO / DSO (Dist. Surveillance Officer), or call DISHA Helpline on 0471-2552056, or 1056 toll free

 Please visit <u>www.dhs.kerala.gov.in</u> or <u>www.arogyakeralam.gov.in</u>

Thank you!

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