





# STOP Diarrhoea Campaign

"Diarrhoea ki Roktham, Safai aur ORS se rakhen apna dhyaan' "डायरिया की रोकथाम, सफाई और ओआरएस से रखें अपना ध्यान"

14<sup>th</sup> June – 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2030 (Preparatory Phase)

1<sup>st</sup> July – 31<sup>st</sup> August 2024 (Campaign Phase)

# **OPERATIONAL GUIDELINES**

Ministry of Health & Family Welfare Government of India

### Contents

1.	INTRODUCTION	1
2.	RATIONALE	1
3.	OBJECTIVE AND STRATEGY	2
	3.1 Goal of STOP Diarrhoea Campaign	2
	3.2 Objectives	2
	3.3 Strategy	2
4.	OVERVIEW OF ACTIVITIES IN 2024	3
5.	PRE-CAMPAIGN PLANNING (Preparatory Phase: 14th - 30th June)	3
	5.1 Setting up of the committees	3
	5.1.1 Coordination committee	3
	5.2 STOP Diarrhoea Campaign orientation/ capacity building	4
	5.3 Need assessment and planning for the supplies and logistic	5
	5.4 Strengthening and gearing up facilities	7
	5.5 Planning for IEC communication activities	7
	5.6 Formats to be used for planning of STOP Diarrhoea Campaign:	7
6.	STOP DIARRHOEA CAMPAIGN	8
	6.1 Target beneficiaries	8
	6.2 Priority populations	8
7. - :	DETAIL OF ACTIVITIES DURING "STOP DIARRHOEA CAMPAIGN" (1st Ju 31st August, 2024)	
	7.1 At the community / village level	9
	7.1.1 Distribution of ORS and demonstration of ORS and Zinc at the community level	
	7.1.2 Interpersonal activities by CHOs/ ANM on sanitation & hygiene along with management of diarrhoea	10
	7.1.3 Hand-washing demonstration in Schools/ AWCs	10
	7.2 At the facility level	11
	7.2.1 Establishment of ORS- Zinc corners for treatment of diarrhoea:	11
	7.2.2 Promote standard case management of diarrhoeal cases	11
	7.3 Intensive Awareness generation	14

7.3.1 State level Launch:
7.3.2 District level launch:
7.3.3 Media and mid-media campaign:
7.3.4 Matrix of IEC activities:
7.4 Multi-sectoral involvement
8. SUPPORTIVE SUPERVISION AND MONITORING
8.1 State level monitors:
8.2 District level monitors:
9. REPORTING
10. DISTRICT OPERATIONAL PLAN/TIMELINES
Annexure I: Prevalence of childhood diarrhoea and coverage of ORS & Zinc in States & UTs as per NFHS 4 (2015-2016) and NFHS 5 (2019-2021)
Annexure II. Agenda for the STOP Diarrhoea planning meeting
Annexure III: State operational plan - "STOP Diarrhoea Campaign" 2024 29
Annexure IV: District/Corporation operational plan – STOP Diarrhoea  Campaign 2024
Annexure V: Block operational plan – STOP Diarrhoea Campaign 2024 40
Annexure VI: Village level plan for STOP Diarrhoea Campaign and implementation checklist
Annexure VII: Village level plan cum monitoring format for STOP Diarrhoea  Campaign and implementation checklist
Annexure VIII: Mobile team plan and reporting for STOP Diarrhoea Campaign
48
Annexure IX: Sub-centre reporting format
Annexure X: Block reporting format
Annexure XI: District and State reporting format
Annexure XII: District level Supportive Supervision Checklist
Annexure XIII: Block / urban level Supportive Supervision Checklist 58
Annexure XIV: Village level Supportive Supervision Checklist
Annexure XV: Set up of ORS – ZINC CORNER
Annexure XVI: Content for VHSNC meeting to be conducted during STOP  Diarrhoea Campaign

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

Reduction of childhood mortality to 23 per 1,000 live births by 2025 is one of the prime goals of National Health Policy. Childhood diarrhoeal diseases continue to be a major killer among under-five children in many states, contributing to 5.8 percent of under five deaths in the country (Cause of Death Statistics 2017-19, Sample Registration System of Registrar General of India). Around 50,000 children die due to diarrhoea annually in the country. Diarrhoeal deaths are usually clustered in summer and monsoon months and the worst affected are children from poor socio-economic situations.

Diarrhoea is defined as the passage of three or more loose or liquid stools per day (or more frequent passage than is normal for the individual). Almost all the deaths due to diarrhoea can be averted by preventing and treating dehydration by using ORS (Oral Rehydration Solution) and administration of Zinc tablets along with adequate nutritional intake by the child during diarrhoea. Diarrhoea can be prevented by exclusive and continued breastfeeding, timely introduction of appropriate and safe complementary feeding, use of safe drinking water, handwashing, sanitation and immunization.

In continuation of the efforts of Diarrhoea Management till 2023, this year Ministry of Health and Family Welfare has renamed Diarrhoea Campaign as "STOP Diarrhoea Campaign" with the slogan for the year 2024:

# "Diarrhoea ki Roktham, Safai aur ORS se rakhen apna dhyaan" "डायरिया की रोकथाम, सफाई और ओआरएस से रखें अपना ध्यान"

STOP Diarrhoea Campaign consists of a set of activities to be implemented in an intensified manner during campaign period for prevention and control of deaths due to dehydration from diarrhoea across all States/UTs. These activities mainly include - intensification of advocacy & awareness generation activities for diarrhoea management utilising inter-convergence of various departments, strengthening service provision for diarrhoea case management, establishment of ORS-Zinc corners, prepositioning of ORS and Zinc by ASHA in households with under-five children, awareness generation activities for hygiene and sanitation.

#### 2. RATIONALE

The diarrhoeal mortality in India remains high in under-five children. Timely and appropriate treatment by ORS and Zinc can save many lives. At the national

level, ORS coverage improved from 50.6 percent (NFHS IV, 2015-16) to 60.6 percent (NFHS V, 2019-21) and Zinc coverage from 20.3 percent (NFHS IV, 2015-16) to 30.5 percent (NFHS V, 2019-21). Under the VIKSIT BHARAT mandate, the target for both ORS and Zinc coverage has been fixed to 90 percent by the year 2029.

For ready reference of the States / UTs, the prevalence of childhood diarrhoea and coverage of ORS & Zinc as per NFHS -V (2019-21) is given in Annexure 1.

#### 3. OBJECTIVE AND STRATEGY

#### 3.1 Goal of STOP Diarrhoea Campaign

The ultimate goal is to reach zero child deaths due to diarrhoea.

### 3.2 Objectives

**"STOP Diarrhoea Campaign** is a preparedness activity to address potentially high incidence of diarrhoea during the summer/monsoon season and floods / natural calamity.

The objectives are:

- To ensure high coverage of ORS and Zinc usage in children with diarrhoea throughout the country
- Inculcating appropriate behaviour in care givers for diarrhoea prevention & management of under-five children,

Special focus needs to be accorded to the high priority areas (slums, drought/flood prone areas) and vulnerable communities.

#### 3.3 Strategy

The focus is on delivery of simple proven interventions that have large impact towards control of childhood diarrhoeal morbidity and mortality. The strategy is four folds, as below:

- 1) Improved availability and use of ORS and Zinc at household level
- 2) Facility level strengthening to manage cases of dehydration
- 3) Enhanced advocacy and communication on prevention and control of diarrhoea through Information, Education and Communication (IEC)/Social Behaviours Change Communication (SBCC) campaign
- 4) Intersectoral convergence of relevant ministries and stakeholders for preventive measures

#### 4. OVERVIEW OF ACTIVITIES IN 2024

- At community / village level
  - Distribution of ORS (2 packets) and Zinc (14 tablets) to households (pre-positioning) and demonstration of preparation of ORS
  - Establishment of ORS and Zinc corners for treatment of diarrhoea at the Anganwadi Centre (AWC) level
  - o Inter Personal Communication (IPC) activities by health department (MOs, Staff Nurses, CHOs, ANMs, ASHAs) in close coordination with other departments such as Women & Child Development, Rural Development, Urban Development, Jal Jeevan Mission, Panchayati Raj, Food and Public Distribution, Education, Information & Broadcasting on diarrhoea prevention and management
  - Hand washing demonstration in schools, out-reach sessions, VHNSD/UHSND and AWCs and ensuring relevant hand washing posters are displayed
  - Special health teams for urban slums and hard to reach terrains in tribal, hilly and coastal areas for diarrhoea control activities.

#### • At health facility level

- Establishment of ORS and Zinc corners for treatment of diarrhoea (up to Ayushman Aarogya Mandir - Health and Wellness centre)
- Promote standard case management of diarrhoeal cases through capacity building and display of treatment protocols
- Assessment of facilities that provide treatment of cases of diarrhoea with severe dehydration.
- Cleaning of water tanks in health facilities and provisioning of 24 x
   7 clean drinking water at facility for staff, patients, including the attendants
- Implementation of drinking water quality monitoring and surveillance as per guidelines.

## 5. PRE-CAMPAIGN PLANNING (Preparatory Phase: 14<sup>th</sup> – 30<sup>th</sup> June)

#### 5.1 Setting up of the committees

#### 5.1.1 Coordination committee

A Central Coordination Committee is established at the highest level in the MoHFW, Government of India to oversee the implementation of this campaign.

Similar committees are to be established at State and District level. At the State level, Principal Secretary (Health & Family Welfare) and at the District level, District Magistrate shall chair the coordination committee meeting.

- ➤ **5.1.1a Steering Committee meeting**: The lead official from State and District shall call a meeting of the Committee *before*, *during and after* the campaign period to ensure effective implementation.
  - O Departments to be invited for the meeting: Health and Family Welfare, Medical Services, Medical Education, State Health Resource Centre / ASHA Resource Centre, Women and Child Development, Panchayati Raj, Water and Sanitation, Public health Engineering department (PHED), Rural Development, Urban Development, Education, Tribal Welfare, Social justice, Municipalities, Information & Broadcasting / Publication Bureau etc.
  - o **Partners to be invited for the meeting:** IAP, IMA, Drug and Chemist Association, UNICEF, USAID, NIPI, IPE Global, PATH, John Snow International (JSI), Nutrition International, Save the Children, Lions, Rotary, NCC, NSS and other local partners at the State / District. NGOs that work with street children, migrants, labourers etc should also be invited.
- ➤ **5.1.1b Orientation of district level officials**: Continuous efforts of orientation of district officials through meetings or video conference should be conducted by State National Health Mission (NHM) to sensitize for planning of STOP Diarrhoea Campaign.
- > 5.1.1c Continued Medical Education (CME) session for private practitioners: With support from IAP, NNF, IMA and other professional bodies, CMEs should be organized on STOP Diarrhoea Campaign related activities with explanation of their role in the program.

### 5.2 STOP Diarrhoea Campaign orientation/ capacity building

A one-day orientation workshops of various categories of stakeholders need to be carried out.

Location	Contents o	of orienta	ation/	capacity	Timel	ine
	building					
State/Regional	Managerial	aspects	and	program	By 2	0 <sup>th</sup> June
level	planning, mo	onitoring, a	and IEC	of <b>STOP</b>	2024	
District level	Diarrhoea Ca	ampaign				

Block/PHC level	Technical orientation on diarrhoea	By 25 <sup>th</sup> June
	management along with programme	2024
	orientation, which involves their roles	
	and activities during STOP Diarrhoea	
	Campaign	

#### **Important Note:**

- 1. Line listing of Under 5 children needs to be compiled at the level of "Ayushman Aarogya Mandir Health and Wellness Centre
- 2. The orientation should focus on need assessment of ORS and Zinc, how to distribute ORS & Zinc as co-packaging, identification and management of diarrhoea, supportive supervision formats and IEC material and plan of activities to all frontline workers.

#### 5.3 Need assessment and planning for the supplies and logistic

Special attention to availability of supplies and logistics for the campaign is critical to achieve high coverage. It is important to review the availability of ORS and Zinc well in advance and to develop an implementation and monitoring plan for the campaign.

#### District requirement:

On an average, one under-five child suffers from 1.6 episodes of diarrhoea per year. Each episode requires ORS and Zinc treatment. Each episode of diarrhoea will require on an average 2 packets of ORS and 14 tablets of Zinc (not recommended in children less than 2 months). This should be taken into account for calculating annual requirement for the district for regular supply.

The calculation of requirement is as follows for a district of 20 lakh population.

**Total under five children:** 2 lakh (10% of total population)

**Number of ORS – Zinc corners:** Total number of OPDs and paediatric facilities in medical colleges, district hospitals and number of CHCs, PHCs and sub centres [Ayushman Arogya Mandir (AAM)] = 100 (This may vary in different districts/ States)

Requirement for "STOP Diarrhoea" for a district of 20 lakh population		
Activities Quantity		
Pre-positioning of ORS and Zinc		
ORS 2 lakh X 2 packet = 400,000 packets		
Zinc	2 lakh X 14 tablets = 28,00,000 tablets	

Demonstration of ORS and Zinc in VHND by ASHA and mobile team				
ORS for demonstration in	2,00,000 packets (2000 ASHAs X 100 packets)			
community				
Zinc for demonstration in	2,00,000 tablets (2000 ASHAs X 100 tablet)			
community				
ORS for Anganwadi Centres	2,00,000 packets (2000 AWCs X 100 packets)			
Zinc for Anganwadi Centres	2,00,000 tablets (2000 AWCs X 100 tablet)			
Treatment of childhood dia	rrhoea cases			
ORS for ORT corners	100 corners X 120 demonstration X 1 packet =			
	12,000 packets			
Zinc for ORT corners	100 corners X 120 demonstration X 1 tablet =			
	12,000 tablets			
ORS for Staff Nurses/ ANM	100 SNs/ANMs X 20 cases X 2 packets = 4,000			
	packets			
Zinc for Staff Nurses/ ANM	100 SNs/ANMs X 20 cases X 14 tablets = 28,000			
	tablets			
ORS for special team	5 teams X 10 cases X 2 packets = 100 packets			
Zinc for special team	5 teams X 10 cases X 14 tablets = 700 tablets			

<sup>\*</sup>State/ UT should also procure and maintain buffer stock of 20% for ORS and Zinc

#### Note:

- 1. For treatment of diarrhoea cases, at any given time a minimum of 20 ORS packets and 140 Zinc tablets should be made available with each ASHA and ANM throughout the year
- 2. The demand from the State should be calculated based actual population, number of ASHAs, AWW, ANM and mobile teams.
- 3. In case sufficient stocks are not available, the District or State should undertake procurement of ORS and Zinc on an urgent basis as per rate Contracts from qualified vendors, maintaining quality of supplies.
- 4. Dosages of Zinc in different age-group:

Age Group	Dosage of Zinc
Less than 2 months	Not recommended
2-6 months	10 mg or half tablet of 20 mg for 14 days
6 months to 5 years	One tablet of 20 mg for 14 days

#### 5.4 Strengthening and gearing up facilities

- Health Facilities (public and private) to be equipped to provide both OPD and inpatient diarrhoea management.
  - ➤ Establishing ORS Zinc corners for ambulatory care for some dehydration
  - ➤ Inpatient care for severe dehydration in diarrhoeal cases
  - ➤ Ensure standard treatment protocols for management are available at both public and private facilities
- Cleaning of water tanks in health facilities and overall sanitation and hygiene to be undertaken.
- Schools, Anganwadi Centres and Community Centres should be geared up for hand washing demonstration.
- Functional toilet facility at health facility, Schools, Anganwadi Centres and Community centres

#### 5.5 Planning for IEC communication activities

The District committee would undertake:

- 1. Assessment of available IEC materials such as videos, hoardings, posters, pamphlets for display at ORS Zinc Corners and placement at strategic locations, prior to the campaign.
- 2. Prototypes of additional IEC material are available on the website <a href="https://nhm.gov.in/">https://nhm.gov.in/</a>. States are encouraged to use these materials widely for the campaign. If necessary, adaptation and translation/dubbing in regional language may be carried out at the local level for better awareness generation in the communities.
- 3. Any other media and mid-media planning for reinforcement of messages on diarrhoea prevention and control may be used.

#### 5.6 Formats to be used for planning of STOP Diarrhoea Campaign:

- 1. State operational plan (Annexure III)
- 2. District operational plan (Annexure IV)
- 3. Block operational plan (Annexure V)

**Note:** State should ensure development of micro-plan (activity wise), communication strategy (IEC, SBCC etc) and monitoring plan before implementation of the campaign period.

#### 6. STOP DIARRHOEA CAMPAIGN

#### **6.1 Target beneficiaries**

The target beneficiaries for the campaign include:

- 1. All under-five children including their care-givers/mothers for community mobilization\*(for pre-positioning ORS and Zinc)
- 2. Under 5 years children suffering from diarrhoea (for treating diarrhoea)

\*However, for involvement of this core audience, a large number of secondary audiences that influences them should be involved such as School teachers/children, PRI members, urban local bodies members, Health & ICDS functionaries, private practitioners etc.

#### **6.2 Priority populations**

STOP Diarrhoea campaign is a nationwide drive; however, the focus should be to reach to the underserved, marginalized and vulnerable communities. Key locations to reach through campaign should include:

- 1. Areas where sub-centres (AAM) have no ANM / CHO: ANM / CHO not posted / or on long leave for more than three months
- 2. Within villages houses that are located in or near unsanitary conditions.
- 3. High risk areas (HRAs) with populations living in areas such as:
  - a. Urban slums
  - b. Underserved and hard to reach populations (forested and tribal populations, hilly areas etc.).
  - c. Flood prone areas
  - a. Migrant settlements (fisherman villages, riverine areas with shifting populations, refugees)
  - b. Nomadic sites
  - c. Brick kilns
  - d. Construction sites
  - e. Orphanage
  - f. Temporary shelters
  - g. Street children
- 4. Areas known for or with diarrhoeal outbreaks, in last two years.
- 5. Areas known for poor sanitation and water supply.
- 6. Small villages, hamlets, dhanis, purbas, basas (field huts), etc.
- 7. Minority populated areas
- 8. Areas known for poor health-seeking behaviour

Micro-plans at the village level to be compiled by ANMs / supervisor, block level by Medical Officer Incharge and at District level by CMO. Template for the microplan is *annexed*.

# 7. DETAIL OF ACTIVITIES DURING "STOP DIARRHOEA CAMPAIGN" (1st July - 31st August, 2024)

The following activities to be undertaken during the campaign:

#### 7.1 At the community / village level

# 7.1.1 Distribution of ORS and demonstration of ORS and Zinc at the community level

- Every ASHA/USHA to distribute <u>co-packaging of 2 ORS packets and 14 Zinc tablets</u> to all under five children as a pre-positioning.
- During the household visit ASHA/USHA will deliver key messages to the mothers / families using MCP card as a counselling tool.
- A group demonstration for the preparation of the ORS solution will be conducted by ASHA/USHA. It would involve gathering of members from 10-12 households and demonstrating the steps for preparation of ORS solution and Zinc solution. Understanding of the caregivers must be checked after the demonstration.
- ASHA/USHA would also educate families on the importance of hygiene and sanitation.
- ASHA/USHA would undertake identification and referral of diarrhoeal cases to ANM/ health facilities and educate mothers on the danger signs.
- ASHA/ USHA would report all diarrhoeal deaths during the campaign period within 24 hours following Child Death Review (CDR) Guidelines.
- At the end of campaign, a report would be submitted by ASHA/USHA→ANM→BCM (Block DEO will compile the data) → DCM (DM&E will compile the data) → State Health Society.

#### Note:

- 1. Community level activities provide the last mile connectivity and complete execution of the campaign and hence must be implemented effectively.
- 2. Every ASHA would be provided an incentive of Rs. 1 per ORS packet distributed to a family with under five children or Rs. 100 per ASHA as per State proposal in NHM PIP 2024-26.

#### • The activity of the village to be monitored by CHOs/ ANMs:

✓ *Mother's Clubs and Caregiver Meetings:* ASHA to organize regular meetings with mothers' clubs and caregivers to discuss child health, the signs of dehydration, and proper hygiene practices to prevent diarrhoea.

✓ *Involvement of Local Influencers:* Collaborate with local influencers, such as religious leaders and respected community members, to endorse ORS and Zinc usage and spread messages on diarrhoea management.

# 7.1.2 Interpersonal activities by CHOs/ ANM on sanitation & hygiene along with management of diarrhoea.

- i. During the campaign, CHOs/ ANMs should conduct meeting at Ayushman Aarogya Mandir Health and Wellness Centre and VHNSDs (as per her existing micro-plan) to disseminate information on identification, prevention & control of diarrhoea, especially involving care givers of under-five children.
- ii. CHO/ ANM should start the session with key message of the STOP Diarrhoea campaign highlighting importance of ORS and Zinc, continued feeding, hand-washing in control of childhood diarrhoea and use of toilets for defecation.
- iii. CHO/ ANM should carry out Participatory learning technique on sanitation & hygiene. Active participation of Jal Jeevan Mission, Panchayati Raj, Rural Development, Urban local bodies should be invited to carry out this activity.

#### 7.1.3 Hand-washing demonstration in Schools/ AWCs

- i. This activity needs to be carried out in all primary & middle schools (including private schools) and Anganwadi Centres
- ii. Each School/ AWC should have poster pasted at the hand washing area on steps for effective hand washing.
- iii. After the morning assembly / prayers, message on importance of hand washing should be delivered to all the students.
- iv. Before meal, all children should be taught to wash hands with water and soap following the steps in the handwashing poster.
- v. *Prabhat pheri* or rally by school children on topic of hand-washing to be carried out.

**7.1.4 Special health teams** to cover children in urban slums, migrant population, street children, juvenile homes, orphanages, shelter homes etc.

- i. Special health teams should be formed, with the cooperation from Municipalities, for visiting slums, floating population etc. Coordination with relevant NGOs is desirable.
- ii. There should be high visibility of activities through posters, banners, FM radio.
- iii. Urban ASHA (USHA), wherever available will work as outlined for rural ASHA with engagement of MAS

#### 7.2 At the facility level

#### 7.2.1 Establishment of ORS- Zinc corners for treatment of diarrhoea:

- i. ORS- Zinc corner should be established for the treatment of diarrhoea preferably in an easily noticeable area near the entrance of following facilities and in paediatric ward if available:
  - a. All Medical Colleges (Central/ State /Railway / ESI / Municipal Hospitals)
  - b. District Hospital
- c. Sub district hospital/ Taluka Hospital/ CHC/ Block PHC / PHC
- d. Sub-centre
- e. Anganwadi centres
- f. Urban health posts / health centres
- g. Private Clinics/Hospitals
- ii. During the campaign and beyond, all facilities should have sufficient availability of ORS and Zinc dispersible tablets.
- iii. Tertiary level facilities must be geared up for management of SAM children with diarrhoea as per GoI NRC guidelines.
- iv. Arrange management of severely dehydrated cases as per IMNCI Plan C.
- v. Paste and display facility appropriate treatment protocols in OPD and paediatric ward/General IPD.
- vi. Promote prescription of ORS along with Zinc dispersible tablets for childhood diarrhoea by all healthcare providers.

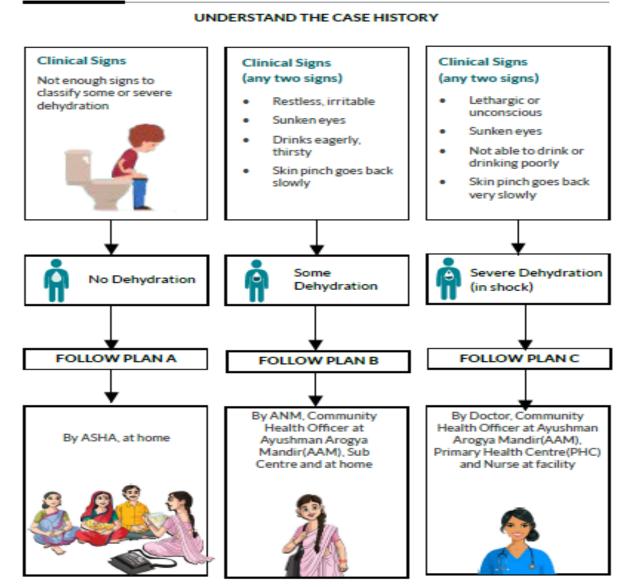
The private paediatricians / medical practitioners through IAP / IMA should be encouraged for setting up of ORS – Zinc corners in their clinics and wards and undertake awareness generation activities.

#### 7.2.2 Promote standard case management of diarrhoeal cases

The standard treatment protocol for management of childhood diarrhoea is as per Plan A, B, and C

- ❖ Diarrhoea cases with no dehydration will be treated with ORS, extra oral fluids and Zinc as per Plan A.
- ❖ Diarrhoea cases with some dehydration will be managed for rehydration with ORS under observation as per IMNCI Plan B.
- ✓ The above protocols are for treatment of all diarrhoea cases managed at both public and private health facilities routinely and during "STOP Diarrhoea Campaign".
- ✓ Medical officers and nursing staff at health facilities to be oriented on the diarrhoea treatment plan.
- ✓ Pasting and display of facility appropriate treatment protocols in OPD and paediatric ward/General IPD (Plan A and Plan B in OPD; Plan A, Plan B and Plan C in wards)

How to Assess, Classify and Manage Children with Diarhoea?



# **CLASSIFY DIARRHOEA FOR DEHYDRATION (0 to 2 months)**

Signs	Classify as	Identify treatment (Urgent pre-referral treatments are in bold print)
Two of the following signs:  Movements only when stimulated or no movement at all  Sunken eyes Skin pinch goes back very slowly  Two of the following signs:	SEVERE DEHYDRATION	<ul> <li>Give first dose of oral amoxycillin and intramuscular gentamicin.</li> <li>Refer URGENTLY to hospital* with the mother giving frequent sips of ORS on the way.</li> <li>Advise the mother to continue breastfeeding.</li> <li>Advise the mother how to keep the</li> </ul>
<ul><li>Restless, irritable</li><li>Sunken eyes</li><li>Skin pinch goes back slowly</li></ul>	SOME DEHYDRATION	young infant warm on the way to the hospital.
Not enough signs to classify as some or severe dehydration	NO DEHYDRATION	<ul> <li>Give fluids and breastfeeds to treat diarrhoea at home (Plan A).</li> <li>Advise mother when to return immediately.</li> <li>Follow-up up after 2 days if no improvement</li> </ul>

# **CLASSIFY DIARRHOEA FOR DEHYDRATION (2 months to 5 years)**

Signs	Classify as	IDENTIFY TREATMENT (Urgent pre-referral treatments are in bold print)
<ul> <li>Two of the following signs:</li> <li>Lethargic or unconscious</li> <li>Sunken eyes</li> <li>Not able to drink or drinking poorly</li> <li>Skin pinch goes back very slowly.</li> </ul>	SEVERE DEHYDRATION	<ul> <li>Refer URGENTLY to hospitat<sup>#</sup>     with mother giving frequent sips of     ORS on the way.</li> <li>Advise the mother to continue     breastfeeding.</li> </ul>
Two of the following signs:  Restless, irritable  Sunken eyes  Drinks eagerly, thirsty  Skin pinch goes back slowly.	SOME DEHYDRATION	<ul> <li>Give fluid, zinc supplements and food for some dehydration (Plan B).</li> <li>Follow-up after 2 days if not improving.</li> <li>Advice when to return immediately</li> </ul>
Not enough signs to classify as some or severe dehydration.	NO DEHYDRATION	<ul> <li>Give fluid, zinc supplements and food to treat diarrhoea at home (Plan A).</li> <li>Follow-up after 5 days if not improving.</li> <li>Advice when to return immediately</li> </ul>

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mathrm{s}}$  If referral is not possible, see the section where referral is not possible.

#### 7.3 Intensive Awareness generation

**7.3.1 State level Launch:** The STOP Diarrhoea Campaign should be launched by a Hon'ble Chief Minister/ Health Minister at State level in presence of Minister/ Senior Officials of all line departments and members from IAP, IMA etc. Hon'ble CMs / HMs may be asked to lead the movement and address the public through media with the message that 'No Child Should Die in the State/ UT due to Childhood Diarrhoea.'

**7.3.2 District level launch:** The Campaign should be launched by elected representative, District Collector in presence of Senior Officials of all line departments, members from IAP, IMA etc. and facilitated by Health Department. The launch should be widely publicised.

**7.3.3 Media and mid-media campaign:** Awareness generation during campaign using mass and mid media along with folk lore and other means of communication as per population needs should be undertaken in local language.

- 1. Television and Radio should be utilised to increase reach of the messaging among the target audience as mid media and outreach provide depth to the messaging but have limited reach.
- 2. Posters, banners, hoardings should be displayed at strategic locations.
- 3. All the IEC materials and reporting formats should be available with the stakeholders at least 3 days before the Campaign, preferably distributed during orientation meeting.
- 4. Community Radio and Public Announcements: Partner with community radio stations and use public announcement systems in local markets, bus stands, and community centres to broadcast messages about diarrhoea prevention and control.

#### 7.3.4 Matrix of IEC activities:

	IEC activity to be undertaken	Key person
State level	a) T.V/ radio advertisements	SNO-CH under the
	b) State level launch by CM/ HM	leadership of MD
	c) State/ District level Mass Media Campaign through	(NHM)
	Social Media platform such as Twitter, Facebook, and	
	WhatsApp etc.	
	d) Support districts by providing IEC material prototypes shared by GoI	

	<b>e</b> )	Support districts by providing other printed material-	
	(C)	orientation material, FAQs, guidelines, supportive	
		supervision formats	
	f)	State level monitors to be sent to each district for	
	-,	observation and guidance of activities, especially to	
		Aspirational districts	
District	a)	Campaign launch by elected representative/senior-	CMO/ RCHO/
Level	۵,	most official, to be organised jointly by CMO office and	Media
		Indian Medical Association/Indian Academy of	
		Paediatrics	,
	b)	Placing banners/posters at strategic locations	
	1	Social media handles of all the departments including	
		collector/commissioner can be leveraged for the	
		spreading the messages	
	d)	Effective engagement of community radios for social	
		mobilization and community engagement	
Schools	a)	Organise WASH activities during the Campaign in	BMO/Active MO of
/Colleges		which soap, clean water is provided and hand-	CHC, PHC
		washing is observed before Mid-Day Meal / School	
		lunch; Posters on Hand washing to be put in hand	
		washing area	
	b)	Organise Elocution/painting competition on	
		diarrhoea and use of ORS and Zinc followed by a	
		lecture by BMO/MO on Diarrhoea and ORS and Zinc	
	c)	Coordinate with educational institutions in setting up	
		ORS-Zinc corners in schools to teach children and	
		educators about diarrhoea prevention and	
<b>D1</b> 1		management.	DMO /DHO
Block	a)	Special session on childhood diarrhoea- ORS/Zinc in	BMO/BHO
Level		meeting of Block PRI members (Funds from PRI	
	<b>b</b> )	system) Daily miking for key messages	
		Placing banners/posters at strategic locations	
Village		all painting in each village on use of ORS/Zinc, WASH	MO/ CHOs/ ANMs
level			IVIO/ CITOS/ AIVINS
	aj	Goshthi/village level discussion on Diarrhoea management (can utilize VHNSD platform)	
	L)	आरोग्य संवाद: दस्त निवारण के समागम at each village	
	Da	aily miking	

Others	a) Messaging about ORS and Zinc through Nukkad MO/CHOs
	Nataka/ Folk lore/ Religious places/ Garbage vans as
	per local needs
	b) Mobilize faith-based organizations to incorporate
	diarrhoea prevention messages into religious
	gatherings and ceremonies

It is advisable to utilize Mother and Child Protection Card (diarrhoea prevention and treatment) at each level, especially at inaugurations, special sessions and discussions on diarrhoea.

#### 7.4 Multi-sectoral involvement

Multi-sectoral involvement is essential for activities that generate momentum and awareness such as carrying out rallies, competitions at Schools, conducting meetings with Panchayati Raj at District/Block level, awareness generation in remote areas by involving tribal department, State and District level launch by leaders, involvement of IAP/NNF/IMA, mother meetings and demonstrations at Anganwadi Centres.

- i. All line departments for launch activity: Departments such as WCD, Drinking Water and Sanitation, PHED, Rural Development, Panchayati Raj and Education along with IAP, development partners should be invited, and commitment should be extracted for STOP Diarrhoea Campaign.
- ii. Department of WCD, for establishing ORS-Zinc corners in AWCs: Instruction to be issued by the department to their staff informing the STOP Diarrhoea Campaign activities and their role. AWWs should make additional home visits for feeding management during diarrhoeal episode
- iii. Education department, for hand washing demonstration and competitions (such as drawing/painting/Rangoli etc. on STOP Diarrhoea Campaign theme) at schools: Instruction to be issued by the department to their staff informing the Stop Diarrhoea Campaign activities and their role.
- iv. Drinking water and sanitation / rural development department, Jal Jeewan Mission: Complement their activities with Stop Diarrhoea Campaign. These activities could be disinfection of wells / water sources, ODF sustainability with focus on toilet use etc. Water testing kits for testing the drinking water available at the health facilities in coordination with PHED, during the campaign.
- v. Panchayati Raj: For dissemination of key messages through Panchayati Raj Institution, block development meetings. For "Zero Tolerance of Childhood

- Deaths due to Diarrhoea" with aim of achieving a diarrhoea free gram panchayat.
- vi. Involvement of Indian Academy of Paediatrics (IAP) / Indian Medical Association (IMA) / development partners/NGOs/CSOs: The various activities proposed are:
  - Facilitating launch though State and District Health Mission
- Organising sensitisation meeting of their members, local Practitioners, Chemists regarding ORS and Zinc use and rational use of antibiotics in case of diarrhoea.
   Organisation such as Lions, Rotary, NCC and NSS for awareness generation in the community.

# KEY MESSAGES FOR AWARENESS GENERATION TO BE USED DURING "STOP Diarrhoea Campaign"

#### To be used by all functionaries

- o Give ORS and extra fluids to child immediately at the onset of diarrhoea and continue till diarrhoea stops.
- o Give Zinc for 14 days to children suffering from diarrhoea, even if diarrhoea stops.
- Use of ORS and Zinc during diarrhoeal episodes among children is a safe treatment and helps the child recover faster from diarrhoea.
- o Continue feeding, including breastfeeding in those children who are being breastfed & give extra feeds during and after illness.
- o Use clean drinking water after safe handling.
- o Safe and quick disposal of child's faeces.
- Mother should wash her hands with soap before preparation of food, before feeding the child and after cleaning stool of child.
- o Return to the health worker / centre if the child develops the following during treatment:
  - Child becomes sicker
  - Not able to drink or breastfeed
  - Blood in stool
  - Drinking poorly
  - Develops fever
- o Contact your ASHA or ANM on any advice on diarrhoea Management.
- o If there is no diarrhoea, then keep the ORS in a cool and dry place. Use the ORS when there is diarrhoea, If the ORS is past expiry date or has become solid (cake like) then do not use it. In that case obtain new ORS packet.

#### 8. SUPPORTIVE SUPERVISION AND MONITORING

- National level teams will be carrying out supportive visits to oversee the implementation of the campaign and similarly the State level teams would monitor STOP Diarrhoea Campaign activities by sending dedicated personnel to monitor activity at district level with a Supportive Supervision plan in place for State level monitors/nodal officers. NPMU would carry out STOP Diarrhoea Campaign monitoring in high priority / Aspirational districts. The State/ UT need to identify few prominent institutes for spreading the campaign and supportive supervision. Engagement of academic institutions including PSM departments of Medical Colleges in supportive supervision is to be encouraged.
- The district STOP Diarrhoea Campaign committee will act as a nodal committee for all supportive supervision activities within the district. They will plan for their own supervisory visit during the campaign and also guide Block PHCs for developing supervisory plan and its proper implementation. Dedicated funds are provided for mobility support per district. A district level supportive supervision plan should be prepared and shared with State.
- The block supervisors include BMO/BHO, BHM, BCM, BCPM, AYUSH, MOIC and others. They will visit at least 10% of the AWC, ORS-Zinc corners and 2% of households provided with ORS for confirmation during the Campaign. A block level supportive supervision plan should be prepared and shared with district.
- The overall community mobilisation and the IEC activities should be monitored by the respective supervisory teams.
- The lead agency\* will monitor its implementation through District Coordinators placed in HPDs/ Aspirational districts/blocks.
- Involvement of development partners, CSOs and NGOs: Special focus should be provided to High Priority / Aspirational Districts/blocks, other poor performing areas, remote and tribal blocks, slums, and areas prone to Diarrhoeal outbreaks based on previous year's data. Development partners, medical colleges and CSOs/NGOs working in field of diarrhoea management should also be roped in for better coverage and quality of Campaign. Technical expertise available with development partners can be used to orient State / District / Block Health Officials to conduct the programme. Involve NGOs/CBOs for reaching out to marginalised communities.

#### 8.1 State level monitors:

- The state monitors need to prioritize districts for monitoring of STOP Diarrhoea Campaign. Priority should be accorded to HPDs, district that have more hard-to-reach areas, slums, migration points, flood prone, have out-break of diarrhoea in last two years.
- A supportive supervision plan needs to be chalked out at the state level for daily monitoring of the chosen districts.
- Supervisors should carry enough supportive supervision formats (annexure XII to XIV), which are:
  - District level Supportive Supervision Checklist (one for each district)
  - Block/urban level Supervision Checklist (one per block / urban area)
- During the meeting with district health officials, review the preparedness
  in terms of District level steering committee meetings (check whether they
  were chaired by District Magistrate / Collector), stock position of ORS and
  Zinc, IEC materials, ORS Zinc corners in OPD and wards, trainings,
  formats, involvement of WCD & PRI, mobile teams.
- On a daily basis visit, one block or urban area.
  - Prioritize visit to those block / urban areas that have more hard-toreach areas, slums, migration points (railway station, bus stops, taxi stops), minority population, flood prone areas, have out-break of diarrhoea in last two years.
  - o Meet the Block Medical Officer / Municipal Medical Officer
  - For ORS Zinc corner prioritize visit to those health facilities that have high patient load viz: Medical college, district hospital, children hospital, block level health facilities, private clinics etc
  - Visit those villages where VHNSC meeting is planned on the day of visit. Visit the schools of those villages too.
- The monitor needs to apprise the District Magistrate (DM) / District Collector (DC) of their findings. During the meeting with the DM / DC, highlight 2-3 key actions that the DM / DC needs to ensure to make "STOP Diarrhoea Campaign" a success with the goal of ZERO diarrhoea death throughout the year.
- Submit the filled formats to National and State secretariat of STOP Diarrhoea Campaign.

#### 8.2 District level monitors:

• Prioritize visit to those block / urban areas that have more hard-to-reach areas, slums, migration points (railway station, bus stops, taxi stops),

- flood prone areas, minority populated areas, have out-break of diarrhoea in last two years.
- Carry enough supportive supervision formats with you (annexure XII to XIV). Formats to carry are:
  - Block / urban level Supportive Supervision Checklist (one per block / urban area
- Meet the Block Medical Officer / Municipal Medical Officer to review the preparedness
- For ORS Zinc corner prioritize visit to those health facilities that have high patient load viz: Medical college, district hospital, children hospital, block level health facilities etc
- Visit those villages where VHNSC meeting is planned on the day of visit. Visit the schools of those villages too.

#### 9. REPORTING

- Each ASHA shall provide the filled monitoring formats at the end of the "STOP Diarrhoea Campaign" to the ANM (Within first two days of post Campaign).
- ANM will submit the compiled report to the PHC / Block in another one day of receiving from ASHA.
- The Block DEO will collate the reports and submit it to the district M &E officer in another two days.
- The district M&E Officer will submit the compiled duly signed copy to the State level in another two days after receiving from the Block
- State reports would be sent to National level within 2 weeks of STOP
   Diarrhoea Campaign 2024 completion.

(Reporting formats are in Annexures)

# 10. DISTRICT OPERATIONAL PLAN/TIMELINES

S. No.	Activity	Person Responsible	Terms of Reference/ Activities	Output			
1.	Formation of	СМНО	• Constitution of Steering Committee chaired by District	District <b>"STOP</b>			
	District/Corpo		Collector/Municipal Commissioner to oversee the	Diarrhoea			
	ration Steering		implementation	Campaign"			
	Committee		• Regular meetings of Steering Committee before, during	Steering			
			and after the campaign for oversight, inter-sectoral	Committee			
			coordination and reviewing progress	functional			
2.	Identification	District	• The nodal person identified for "STOP Diarrhoea	District Nodal			
	of	/Corporation	Campaign" will be responsible for overall planning and	Officer			
	District/Corpo	Steering	implementation of activities in the district				
	ration Nodal	Committee	• S/he will be responsible for organizing Steering Committee				
	person		meeting, assessing and ensuring the supply of ORS-Zinc in				
			the district, planning and organising District/corporation &				
			Block sensitization workshop, development of proper micro-				
			plans, identification of monitors and finalization of				
			supportive supervision plan, ensuring timely availability &				
			distribution of recording, reporting & supportive supervision				
			formats and IEC materials				
3.	Assessment	District Nodal	1. District Nodal person shall assess the requirement of	Requirement of			
	and	person with	the ORS and Zinc supply for pre-positioning and	ORS and Zinc			
	replenishment	district	treatment.	tablet for			
	of ORS and	pharmacist &	For calculations refer to page 7	"STOP			
	Zinc Supply	Block MO I/c					

S. No.	Activity	Person Responsible	Terms of Reference/ Activities	Output
			2. Assessing Stock position of ORS and Zinc at district and replenishing the stock based on the requirement	Diarrhoea Campaign"
			3. Replenishing ORS and Zinc stocks at Block (both facility & community level)	Stock     position and     estimated
			4. Distribution of ORS and Zinc to ASHAs based on micro plan provided by ASHA	requirement  2. Blocks have sufficient supply of ORS and Zinc  3. ASHAs have sufficient ORS and Zinc supply
4.	Printing of formats- Recording, Reporting format	District Nodal person	Printing of recording, reporting and monitoring formats  Distribution of formats during orientation of service providers	<ul> <li>Recording formats</li> <li>Reporting formats</li> <li>Supportive supervision formats</li> </ul>
5.	Sensitization workshop	District Nodal person	1. Planning & organising District sensitization workshop  a. Block Health Officials (BMOs, MOs, BPM / BHM,  BCM) Representation from ICDS(CDPO), Education,  PRI, local IAP, PHED and NGOs	1. Block level sensitization meeting plan

S. No.	Activity	Person Responsible	Terms of Reference/ Activities	Output		
			<ul> <li>b. Orientation on activities to be implemented micro planning and reporting &amp; monitoring mechanisms</li> <li>c. Sensitization on diarrhoea prevention &amp; management</li> <li>d. Planning for block level sensitization meeting</li> <li>e. Orientation &amp; distribution of reporting &amp; monitoring formats</li> <li>f. Development of supportive supervision plan</li> <li>g. Distribution of IEC materials</li> <li>2. Planning and organising Block Orientation workshop</li> <li>a. CHC/PHC MOs, Staff nurses, LHVs, AYUSH doctors, RBSK teams, CHOs, ICDS Supervisor, ANMs, ASHAs</li> <li>b. Orientation on activities under "STOP Diarrhoea Campaign" and micro-planning</li> <li>c. Orientation on diarrhoea prevention &amp; management</li> <li>d. Distribution of IEC materials</li> </ul>	2. Orientation of service providers		
6.	Micro-planning	District Nodal person, District ASHA nodal person & Block Medical Officer	micro-planning during district sensitization meeting  2. Orientation of ASHAs on micro-planning during Block Orientation Workshops and finalizing timeline for			

S.		Person	m	0 1 1		
No.	Activity	Responsible	Terms of Reference/ Activities	Output		
7.	IEC activities	District Nodal	1. Printing of IEC material- Posters/Leaflets (District should	Printed IEC		
		person &	also utilise existing IEC material on Diarrhoea along with	material		
		District IEC	newly printed IEC material.	distributed		
		Officer	2. Distribution of IEC material to Blocks			
8.	Operationalizin	District Nodal	1. Selection of public health facilities - District Hospitals,	No. of		
	g ORS-Zinc	person &	Sub Divisional Hospitals/Civil Hospitals, CHCs, High	operational		
	Corners at	Facility In-	case load PHCs	ORS-Zinc		
	selected health	charges of	2. Selection of private nursing homes/clinics in	corners at		
	facilities	selected	consultation with local IAP/IMA branches	health facilities		
		facilities	3. Ensuring space, necessary infrastructure and			
			logistics (table/chairs, one bench/bed, ORS, Zinc			
			tablets, supply of safe drinking water, necessary utensils			
			like one litre vessel, spoons, glasses, bowls& cups,			
			treatment protocols, IEC materials for display and			
			distribution, nearby toilet & hand-washing facilities),			
			trained staff for fully functional ORS-Zinc corners			
			4. <b>Orientation of service providers –</b> MOs and Staff nurses			
			to manage the ORS-Zinc corners			
9.	Distribution of	District Nodal	1. Recording and reporting formats distributed to Blocks and	Distribution of		
	recording and	Officer,	ASHAs	all recording,		
	reporting	District M&E	2. Orientation on reporting formats and submission	reporting and		
	formats	Officer,	instructions	monitoring		
		District/Block	3. ASHAs to submit reports to ANM who submits compiled	formats		
		Entry	reports at Block level			
		Operators,	4. Block DEO collates and compile block report and Block In-			
		District ASHA	charge shares the compiled report with district			

s.	Activity	Person	Terms of Reference/ Activities	Output		
No.	Activity	Responsible	Terms of Reference/ Activities	Output		
		Coordinator	5. CMO shares compiled district report with State			
		/BCM				
10.	"STOP	District Nodal	1. Preparation of supportive supervision plan at state, district	Supportive		
	Diarrhoea	person	and Block level	supervision		
	Campaign"		a. Identification of district and block level monitors	plan developed		
	Supportive		b. Preparation of supportive supervision plan	and monitors		
	supervision		c. Sharing of supportive supervision formats	identified		
			2. Supportive supervision of community and facility level			
			activities			
			3. Sharing of supportive supervision reports /feedback for			
			necessary facilitative actions on daily basis and setting up			
			troubleshooting mechanisms			
11.	District Launch	CMO & District	1. Organising District "STOP Diarrhoea Campaign" Launch	District "STOP		
	Meeting	<b>Nodal Officer</b>	preferably inauguration by local MLA/MP	Diarrhoea		
			2. Representation from ICDS, Education, PRI, IAP, IMA, NGOs	Campaign"		
				launch		

# Annexure I: Prevalence of childhood diarrhoea and coverage of ORS & Zinc in States & UTs as per NFHS 4 (2015-2016) and NFHS 5 (2019-2021)

Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years)								
	Preva	lence	Childre	en with	Childr	en with	Childr	en with
	of dia	rrhoea	diarrh	oea in	diarr	hoea in	diarrho	ea in the
	in the 2		the 2 weeks		the 2 weeks		2 weeks	
Indicators	we	eks	preced	preceding the		preceding the		ling the
indicators	prece	eding	surve	y who	surve	ey who	survey	taken to
	the s	urvey	receiv	ed oral	receiv	ed zinc	a healt	h facility
	(%	<b>6</b> )	rehyd	ration	(	%)	or h	ealth
			salts (O	RS) (%)			provi	der (%)
States/UTs	NFHS	NFHS	NFHS	NFHS	NFH	NFHS	NFHS	NFHS 4
	5	4	5	4	S 5	4	5	
India	7.3	9.2	60.6	50.6	30.5	20.3	68.9	67.9
Andhra Pradesh	7.2	6.6	62.5	47.6	41.8	30.1	74.3	72.7
Andaman and	5.6	5.3	65.0	65.0	44.1	8.3	83.3	53.5
Nicobar Islands								
Arunachal Pradesh	5.1	6.5	62.7	66.1	27.9	35.8	53.4	44.9
Assam	5.5	2.9	69.1	51.9	28.0	22.0	53.5	50.8
Bihar	13.7	10.4	58.2	45.2	25.6	20.1	64.7	54.9
Chandigarh	4.3	4.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chhattisgarh	3.6	9.1	67.3	67.9	40.0	28.9	73.8	71.3
Dadra & Nagar	2.6	4.1	NA	84.9	NA	12.9	NA	86.2
Haveli and Daman								
& Diu								
Goa	3.2	3.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Gujarat	8.2	8.4	66.5	46.2	35.4	17.4	69.6	65.4
Haryana	4.9	7.7	46.6	60.6	26.2	21.9	76.1	77.3
Himachal Pradesh	4.7	6.6	73.7	62.7	19.5	15.0	67.9	67.7
Jammu and	5.6	7.6	80.8	69.1	50.5	39.3	74.9	74.2
Kashmir								
Jharkhand	7.2	6.9	55.6	44.8	28.9	19.1	59.7	56.7
Karnataka	5.3	4.5	71.3	52.8	45.5	34.3	73.4	69.7
Kerala	4.3	3.4	61.1	49.4	22.4	14.1	86.9	76.3
Ladakh	8.5	3.1	78.3	NA	54.5	NA	75.0	NA
Lakshadweep	2.3	6.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Madhya Pradesh	6.4	9.5	65.2	55.2	35.6	26.6	65.6	68.2
Maharashtra	8.9	8.5	59.5	60.5	27.3	13.0	72.3	77.6
Manipur	5.6	5.8	69.8	60.2	26.1	14.1	48.2	31.2
Meghalaya	10.4	10.6	73.2	77.4	40.5	57.8	69.2	69.9
Mizoram	4.3	7.6	71.4	70.0	29.8	29.0	44.6	42.0

Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years)								
Indicators	Prevalence of diarrhoea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)		diarrh the 2 preced surve receive	en with oea in weeks ing the y who ed oral ration ORS) (%)	diarri the 2 preced surve receiv	en with hoea in weeks ling the ey who red zinc	diarrho 2 w precee survey a healt	en with ea in the veeks ding the taken to h facility health der (%)
States/UTs	NFHS 5	NFHS 4	NFHS 5	NFHS 4	NFH S 5	NFHS 4	NFHS 5	NFHS 4
Nagaland	3.4	5.1	54.5	40.3	9.1	16.0	31.5	21.8
NCT of Delhi	10.6	9.6	64.5	62.1	32.8	25.3	78.2	80.6
Odisha	9.7	9.8	65.7	68.6	36.9	17.0	56.2	68.6
Puducherry	3.7	11.3	NA	71.2	NA	69.6	NA	73.6
Punjab	4.9	6.6	60.7	66.2	27.0	26.7	78.0	87.2
Rajasthan	6.1	7.4	64.3	56.2	27.2	17.5	79.7	73.9
Sikkim	5.5	1.8	64.2	NA	50.0	NA	56.6	NA
Tamil Nadu	3.7	8.0	53.8	61.8	28.9	41.3	60.2	73.2
Telangana	7.4	8.2	56.3	56.8	38.5	31.6	71.9	74.1
Tripura	6.2	4.9	67.2	46.3	16.7	19.1	63.1	65.7
Uttar Pradesh	5.6	15.0	50.7	37.9	28.5	12.6	69.9	66.7
Uttarakhand	4.4	17.0	55.9	56.0	30.1	30.3	79.6	73.7
West Bengal	6.5	5.9	75.3	64.7	36.0	20.8	75.2	74.7

### Annexure II. Agenda for the STOP Diarrhoea planning meeting

- 1. Review progress / achievement of Diarrhoea Campaign 2023 and morbidity & mortality data related to childhood diarrhoea from HMIS.
- 2. Develop clarity on role of each department to make "STOP Diarrhoea Campaign" a success.
- 3. Selection and role clarity of nodal officer from each department to coordinate with other departments.
- 4. Micro planning: Micro plan has to be prepared to facilitate ASHA visits during the campaign. Line list available at the village level with ASHA and AWW can be used to identify the houses of under five children and prepare the visit plan during the campaign.
- 5. District/corporation level plan: Should contain details on ORS Zinc Corners/ Health Facilities/ AWCs/ Schools, etc which are part of the STOP Diarrhoea Campaign; with innovative plans for reaching out to vulnerable populations.
- 6. Stock assessment of essential commodities viz: ORS packets and Zinc dispersible tablets
- 7. Display of diarrhoea treatment protocols in health facilities.
- 8. Stock assessment of IEC materials: already available materials on ORS Zinc use, hand washing etc. should be listed and distribution plan prepared. Additional materials should also be used after replication and adaptation to local context. Prototypes of additional IEC materials are available on the website <a href="https://nhm.gov.in/">https://nhm.gov.in/</a>
- 9. Involvement of mass media e.g. TV, radio, social media etc.
- 10. Mechanism for involvement of other sectors- WCD, Education, PRI, Water & Sanitation, IAP, IMA, private practitioners, development partners, NGOs, CSOs.
- 11. Chalk out daily supportive supervision and troubleshooting mechanism
- 12. Plan for State/District or Corporation / Block level inauguration of the Diarrhoea Campaign by Chief Minister & Health Minister (At State Level)/ elected representatives & District Collector (At District level).

	Female:	Responsibility in
		Responsibility in
Designatio		Responsibility in
Designatio	n Phone No	
		Campaign
	e (calculated as given in	n supply requirement
Commodity	Current stock in	Supply required by
•	the district	district
ORS		
Zinc		
Zinc		
	ctate rporation wise Commodity  ORS Zinc ORS Zinc	Commodity Current stock in the district  ORS Zinc ORS

State

districts

ORS		
Zinc		
Date of STOP Diarrhoea Campaigr	n steering committee meeting	:
State level orientation plan		
Venue:	Date:	
Participants from	Number	
Health department		
Women and Child Development		
Education		
Jal Jeevan Mission		
Rural Development		
Urban Development		
Information and Broadcasting		
IAP/IMA		
Development partners		
Others (please specify)		
	<u>,                                      </u>	

# ORS - Zinc corners plan:

Facilities	Number	Planned ORS – Zinc
		corners
Medical College (Paeds. OPD)		
Medical College (Paeds. ward)		
District Hospital (OPD)		
District Hospital (ward)		
SDH/CHC/Block CHC / PHC		
(OPD)		
Block CHC / PHC (ward)		
Additional PHC (OPD)		
Additional PHC (ward)		
Sub-center (OPD)		
Private clinics (OPD)		

Private clinics (ward)	
Anganwadi Centers	

### Printing of treatment protocols

<u>Protocol</u>	Number to be printed
Plan A	
Plan B	
Plan C	

# Number of special VHNSD / RI session to be conducted by ANM during STOP Diarrhoea Campaign:

### IEC plan

Sr. No.	Materials available in district and block	Number required	Number already available	Number to be printed (national materials)
1	ORS – Zinc poster			
2	Hand-washing poster			
3	Leaflet on ORS – Zinc			
4	Leaflet on breastfeeding			
5	Leaflet on complementary feeding			
6	MCP card			

### **Communication Plan**

Sr.	Trans-media	Available	Channel/platform	Frequency
No.	engagement			
1	TV Spot broadcast plan			
2	Radio spot broadcast			
	plan			

3	Plan using Social Media		
	platforms to enhance		
	outreach		
4	No of street plays,		
	puppet shows etc.		

## **Advocacy and Partnership**

Sr.	Advocacy plan available	Stakeholder	Frequency
No			
1	Advocacy plan for engaging stakeholders		
	like medical associations, religious		
	leaders, local influencers/social &		
	community groups, youth clubs, NGOs		
	etc.		

## **Printing of formats**

Sr.	Formats	Number
No		
1	ASHA planning cum tally sheet	
2	Diarrhoea cases line list (ASHA)	
3	Block reporting format	
4	District reporting format	
5	Supportive supervision format	

## Mobile team plan

Sr. No.	District	No. of slums / hard-to- reach areas	No. of vehicles / teams

## Supportive supervision from State level

Sr No	Names	Designation	Phone No	District to be visited	Date of visit

# Annexure IV: District/Corporation operational plan – STOP Diarrhoea Campaign 2024

(To be filled by preparations)	y District Health Office	er that help hi	m/her to t	ake comprehensive
District:				
Name of Noda	l Officer:	I	Phone No	
Total under fi	ve population of the	district:		
Male U5:		Femal	le U5:	
STOP Diarrho	ea Campaign Secreta	<u>ariat</u>		
Names	Designation	Phone No	0	Responsibility in STOP Diarrhoea Campaign
District level	ng committee meetin			
Participants	from		Number	
Health Depar	tment			
Women and C	Child Development			
Education				
Jal Jeevan Mi	ission			
Rural Develop				
Urban Develo	=			
	nd Broadcasting			
IAP/IMA				
Development				
Others (please	e specify)			

# Block level orientation plan (Copy and paste as per number of blocks)

Name of block <u>:                                    </u>	Venue:	
Date:		

Participants	In position	To be trained
ASHA		
ANM		
AWW		
Staff nurse		
MO		
CHOs		
Supervisors (LHV/ICDS supervisors		

#### ORS - Zinc corners plan:

Facilities	Numbe	Planne	Number of protocols for display				
	r	d ORS - Zinc corner s	Plan A	Plan B	Plan B - SAM	Plan C - SAM	Plan C
Medical							
College							
(Paeds.							
OPD)							
Medical							
College							
(Paeds.							
ward)							
District							
Hospital							
(OPD)							
District							
Hospital							
(ward)							
Block							
CHC /							
PHC							
(OPD)							
Block							
CHC /							
PHC							
(ward)							
Additional							
PHC							
(OPD)							
Additional							
PHC							
(ward)							
Sub							
centre							
(OPD)							

Facilities	Numbe	Planne	Number of protocols for display				
	r	d ORS - Zinc corner s	Plan A	Plan B	Plan B - SAM	Plan C - SAM	Plan C
Private clinics (OPD)							
Private clinics (ward)							
Anganwa dis							

# Printing of treatment protocols

<u>Protocol</u>	Number to be printed
<u>Plan A</u>	
<u>Plan B</u>	
<u>Plan C</u>	

Number of special VHSND /	RI session to be con	nducted by ANM (	during
STOP Diarrhoea Campaign:		-	

#### <u>IEC plan</u>

Sr. No.	Materials available in district and block	Number required	Number already available	Number to be printed (national materials)
1	ORS – Zinc poster			
2	Hand-washing poster			
3	Leaflet on ORS – Zinc			
4	Leaftlet on breastfeeding			
5	Leaflet on complementary			
	feeding			

#### Communication Plan

Sr.	Trans-media engagement	Available	Channel/	Frequency
No.			platform	
1	TV Spot broadcast plan			
2	Radio spot broadcast plan			
3	Plan using Social Media			
	platforms to enhance			
	outreach			
4	No of street plays, puppet			
	shows etc.			

#### **Advocacy and Partnership**

Sr.	Advocacy plan available	Stakeholder	Frequency
No			
1	Advocacy plan for engaging stakeholders		
	like medical associations, religious		
	leaders, local influencers/social &		
	community groups, youth clubs, NGOs		
	etc.		

#### **Printing of formats**

Sr.	Formats	Number
No		
1	ASHA planning cum tally sheet	
2	Diarrhoea cases line list (ASHA)	
3	Block reporting format	
4	District reporting format	
5	Supportive supervision format	

#### Mobile team plan

Sr. No.	Block	No. of slums / hard-to- reach areas	No. of vehicles / teams
			_

#### Supportive supervision from district level

Sr No	Names	Designation	Phone No	Blocks / urban area	Date of visit

(To	be filled by	Blo	ck Health	officer	that	help	him/	her	to	take
com	prehensive	prep	parations)							

Block:	_ Total under five	Total under five population of the block:			
Medical Officer of the		hone			
No					
Venue:		Date:			
Participants	In position	To be trained			
ASHA					
ANM					
A 33.733.7					

Participants	In position	To be trained
ASHA		
ANM		
AWW		
Staff nurse		
MO		
CHOs		
Supervisors (LHV/MPS/ICDS supervisors		
Others		

#### ORS - Zinc corners plan:

Facilities	Numbe	Planne	ne Number of protocols for display				
	r	d ORS	Plan A	Plan B	Plan C	Any Other	
		– Zinc					
		corners					
Block CHC							
/ PHC							
(OPD)							
Block CHC							
/ PHC							
(ward)							
Additional							
PHC (OPD)							
Additional							
PHC (ward)							
Sub centre							
Private							
clinics							
(OPD)							
Private							
clinics							
(ward)							
Anganwadi							
Center							

# Number of special VHND / RI session conducted by ANM during STOP Diarrhoea Campaign where importance on diarrhoea control to be emphasised: ......

#### IEC plan

Sr. No.	Materials available in district and block	Number required	Number already available	Number to be printed (national materials)
1	ORS – Zinc poster			
2	Hand-washing poster			
3	Leaflet on ORS – Zinc			
4	Leaflet on breastfeeding			
5	Leaflet on complementary			
	feeding			
6	MCP card			

#### **Communication Plan**

Sr.	Trans-media	Available	Channel/platform	Frequency
No.	engagement			
1	No of street plays,			
	puppet shows etc.			

#### **Advocacy and Partnership**

Sr.	Advocacy plan available	Stakeholder	Frequency
No			
1	Advocacy plan for engaging stakeholders		
	like medical associations, religious		
	leaders, local influencers/social &		
	community groups, youth clubs, NGOs		
	etc.		

#### Requirement of formats

Sr.	Formats	Number
No		
1	ASHA planning cum tally sheet	
2	Diarrhoea cases line list (ASHA)	
3	Block reporting format	
4	District reporting format	

Sr. No	Name of slum or hard-to reach area	No. of vehicles / teams	Name of team members	Date of visit

#### Supportive supervision from block level

Supportive supervision format

Mobile team plan

Sr No	Names	Designation	Phone No	Village / slum / hard – to- reach	Date of visit

# Annexure VI: Village level plan for STOP Diarrhoea Campaign and implementation checklist

#### (For ANM)

(MOIC to ensure this format is filled centres)	d for all sub-centres	s including vacant sub-
Name of the sub-centre:ANM:	Block:	Name & Mobile no of

ANM visit plan during STOP Diarrhoea Campaign

	Day							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Village/ urban								
area								
VHND village (as								
per routine								
micro-plan)								
(Write Yes /No)								
Name of ASHA								
and mobile no								
No. of under 5								
children in the								
village								
No. Of Under 5								
male Children in								
the village								
No. Of Under 5								
female Children								
in the village								
	Day							
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Village/urban								
area								
VHND village (as								
per routine								
microplan)								
(Write Yes /No)								
Name of ASHA								
and mobile no								

No. of under 5								
children in the								
village								
No. Of Under 5								
male Children in								
the village								
No. Of Under 5								
female Children								
in the village								
in the vinage	Day							
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Village/urban								
area								
VHND village (as								
per routine								
microplan)								
(Write Yes /No)								
Name of ASHA								
and mobile no								
No. of under 5								
children in the								
village								
No. Of Under 5								
male Children in								
the village								
No. Of Under 5								
female Children								
in the village								
	Day	Day	Day	Day	Day	Day		
	25	26	27	28	29	30		
Village/urban								
area								
VHND village (as								
per routine								
microplan)								
(Write Yes /No)								
Name of ASHA								
and mobile no								
No. of under 5								
children in the								
village								

No. Of Under 5							
male Children in							
the village							
No. Of Under 5							
female Children							
in the village							
<b>Note:</b> Kindly draft 2 <sup>nd</sup> month plan according to above template							

	List of vulnerable area to be covered (nomadic/tribal/brick kiln, tea garden, minority population etc)
1	
2	
3	
4	

# Annexure VII: Village level plan cum monitoring format for STOP Diarrhoea Campaign and implementation checklist

(For ASHA)

Dist	eistrict: Block: Village:				Total population:					
ASHA: Mob. No.:										
Tota	ıl under f	ive childre	en:	_						
	_	ildren (to ek before)	be done bef	ore the	campai	gn –	Home campa		during the STOP Diarrh	10ea
Sr. No	Father name	Mother name	Child deta	ail			Date of visit	Distribution of ORS and Zinc with demonstration	Does the child suffer from diarrhoea (□ if yes)	Whether danger sign and referred
			Name	Age	Ger	nder		(□ if yes)		(□ if yes)
				_	M	F				
Tota	 al									
Sign	ature of A	SHA:					Signatur	re of ANM:		

#### Annexure VIII: Mobile team plan and reporting for STOP Diarrhoea Campaign

Name of block / municipal area:	
Name of Medical Officer I/c of STOP Diarrhoea:	
Mobile No.:	

	Plan							Actuals	
Team No	Name of team members	Vehicle No	Mobile No.	Date of planned visit	Place of visit*	Estimated under 5 children in the place	Date of visit	No. of children distributed ORS and Zinc (Total/ M/F)	Whether danger sign and referred

<sup>\*</sup>The places of visit should be urban slums (Without USHA/ Regular ANM), underserved and hard to reach populations (forested and tribal populations, hilly areas etc.), flood prone areas, migrant settlements (fisherman villages, riverine areas with shifting populations, refugees), nomadic sites, brick kilns, construction sites, orphanage, temporary shelters and street children

# Annexure IX: Sub-centre reporting format

District:	_ Block:	Sub center:
ANM Name:		Mob. No. :

Sr. No.		Number
1	Total No. of villages	
2	No of villages where ORS and Zinc was distributed	
3	No. of under five children in the villages (Total/Male/Female)	
4	No. of children distributed with ORS and Zinc (Total/Male/Female)	
5	No. of children reported with Diarrhoea during STOP Diarrhoea Campaign (Total/Male/Female)	
6	No. of children detected with Danger signs and referred by ASHA (Total/Male/Female)	
7	No. of villages where VHNSC session on sanitation was conducted	
8	Whether ORS – Zinc corner established at sub centre (Yes / No)	
9	No. of schools where hand-washing demonstration was carried out	
10	Whether Plan A displayed in sub centre (Yes / No)	
11	Whether Plan B displayed in sub centre (Yes / No)	

Signature of ANM:	
-------------------	--

# Annexure X: Block reporting format

Block: Name of BMO:	ck:	Name of BMO:	
---------------------	-----	--------------	--

Sr.		Number
No.		
1	Total No. of villages	
2	No of villages where ORS and Zinc was distributed	
3	No. of under five children in the villages	
	(Total/Male/Female)	
4	No. of children distributed with ORS and Zinc	
	(Total/Male/Female)	
5	No. of children reported with Diarrhoea during STOP	
	Diarrhoea Campaign (Total/Male/Female)	
6	No. of children detected with Danger signs and referred by	
	ASHA (Total/Male/Female)	
7	No. of villages where VHNSC session on sanitation was	
	conducted	
8	No. of ORS – Zinc corner established (including block level)	
9	No. of ORS – Zinc corner established in private medical	
	practitioners	
10	No. of schools where hand-washing demonstrated	
11	Number of health facilities where Plan A was displayed	
12	Number of health facilities where Plan B was displayed	
13	Number of health facilities where Plan C was displayed	
14	No. of slums / hard-to-reach areas	
	ormance of Mobile teams	
15	No. of mobile teams formed	
16	No. of children received ORS and Zinc from mobile teams	
17	No. of one day orientation meeting conducted at PHC	
18	No. of one day orientation meeting held at block level	

Signature of BMO:	
Signature of bino:	

# Annexure XI: District and State reporting format

1	Name of District / State:	
2	Name of Nodal Officer Implementing STOP Diarrhoea	•••••
	Campaign	•••••
	Email:	•••••
	Phone:	
3	No. of Districts conducted STOP Diarrhoea Campaign	/
	2024/Total No. of Districts	
4	State launch undertaken as per guidelines (Yes/No)	
5	No. of Districts where District launch was undertaken	
6	No. of ASHAs oriented on STOP Diarrhoea Campaign/ No.	/
	of ASHA in district / State	
7a	No. of ANMs oriented on STOP Diarrhoea Campaign/ No.	/
	of ANMs in district / State	
7b	No. of MO's oriented on STOP Diarrhoea / No. of MOs in	/
	district / State	,
8	No. of Staff Nurses oriented on Diarrhoea management/	/
	No. of Staff Nurses in district / State	,
	Datas of COOD Diamaters Commenting at a section	
9	Dates of STOP Diarrhoea Campaign observation:	
10	No. of vehicles hired for field supportive supervision	
11	No. of HPDs and Aspirational districts where supportive	/
	supervision was undertaken by Development Partners	
	/Total no. of HPDs and Aspirational districts	
12	Total No. of villages in district / State	
13	No of villages where ORS and Zinc was distributed	
14	No. of under five children in the villages	
	(Total/Male/Female)	
15	No. of children distributed with ORS and Zinc	
	(Total/Male/Female)	

16	No. of children reported with Diarrhoea during STOP	
	Diarrhoea Campaign (Total/Male/Female)	
1 /7	No of abildren detected with decrease increased actions and be-	
17	No. of children detected with danger signs and referred by	
	ASHA (Total/Male/Female)	
18	No. of villages where VHNSC session on sanitation was	
	conducted	
1.0	N (ODO 7)	
19	No. of ORS – Zinc corner established (including block /	
	district level)	
20	No. of ORS – Zinc corner established in private medical	
	practitioners	
0.1		
21	No. of schools where hand-washing demonstrated	
21	Number of health facilities where Plan A was displayed	
22	Number of health facilities where Plan B was displayed	
23	Number of health facilities where Plan C was displayed	
Peri	formance of Mobile Teams	
24	No. of slums / hard-to-reach areas	
25	No. of mobile teams formed	
26	No. of children received ORS from mobile teams	
	(Total/Male/Female)	
27	No. of children with Diarrhoea provided with ORS and Zinc	
	(Total/Male/Female)	
28	No. of one day orientation meeting conducted at PHC	
29	No. of one day orientation meeting held at block level	
30	No. of one day orientation meeting held at district level	
	<i>y</i>	

Signature of Child Health Nodal Officer	•
DISTRIBUTE OF CHILD HOUSE HOUSE	

# State/UT reporting format for the reporting of activities conducted for the prevention and management of childhood diarrhoea during STOP Diarrhoea Campaign 2024

1	Name of the State/UT:	
2	Name of Nodal Officer Implementing diarrhoea control activities:	
	Email:	
	Phone:	
3	No. of Districts conducted childhood diarrhoea prevention and management activities in STOP Diarrhoea Campaign 2024/Total No. of Districts	/
4	No. of under five children in the State	
5	No. of children provided with ORS and Zinc (prepositioning)	
6	No. of children reported with diarrhoea during the activity	
7	No. of children detected with danger signs and referred by ASHA to the facilities	
8	No. of IEC/BCC activities conducted with details (Photographs of inauguration, activities etc. may be annexed)	

<u>Remarks/Additional Information/Best practices (May use additional sheets):</u>

Signature of the Nodal officer
Stamp

# Annexure XII: District level Supportive Supervision Checklist

Name of monitor: De	Designation:	
Organization: Mo	Iob. No:	
Name of district: Da	te of visit:	
<b>Planning at district level</b> (Monitor should mofficers)	eet DM, CMO, RCHO and other district level	
Name of CMO/RCHO/ District Nodal Person nos.:	for STOP Diarrhoea Campaign and mobile	
Steering Committee meeting held with Chair by DM (verify minutes)	District operational plan available: Yes/	
If Committee not formed (Specify Reason)		
District level orientation on STOP Diarrhoea Campaign held	Yes/ No	
Participants / departments in distriction or STOP Diarrhoea Campaign (circle applicable after verification of minutes of meeting)	WCD / PRI / Water and Sanitation /	
Assessment of requirement of ORS and Zino done by district officials	Yes/ No	
If shortfall of ORS then, procurement of ORS done / supply received from State level: Yes/ No/ NA	If shortfall of Zinc then, procurement of Zinc done / supply received from state level:  Yes/ No/ NA	
Availability and supply ensured of (circle applicable)	MCP card / Weighing machine	
District received communication regarding STOP Diarrhoea Campaign from State HQ	Yes/ No	
District issued communication regarding Stor Diarrhoea Campaign to block	Yes/ No	
District launch of STOP Diarrhoea Campaigr by prominent person (MP/MLA/DM)	Yes/ No	

Financial norms for STOP Diarrhoea Campaign				
District has clarity on fine ASHA incentives for S Campaign		ms for rrhoea	Yes/ No	
District received funds for Campaign	STOP Dia	rrhoea	Yes/ No	
IEC planning				
IEC material on STOP Diar received from State: Yes/ No		ipaign e	g. Banner, Posters, audio vide	eo clippings
District developed and print	ed: Yes/ No	)		
IEC material on STOP Diag	rrhoea Car	npaign	Yes/ No	
Supportive supervision				
District supportive superviplace with clear role and log	-		Yes/ No	
Supportive supervision form given to blocks	nats printe	ed and	Yes/ No	
Review mechanism of implementation		=	vening meeting of supervisors	=
of STOP Diarrhoea Campa district level (circle applicable	_		hone communication with su review meeting/ Monthly revie	- '
Implementation plan (verify)				
No. of blocks in the district			No. of urban areas in the district	
No. of blocks submitted micro-plan			No. of urban areas submitted micro-plan	
No. of blocks that have constituted mobile team for STOP Diarrhoea Campaign			No. of urban areas that have constituted mobile team for STOP Diarrhoea Campaign	
District officials of WCD, Education, Water & Sanitation, Rural Development, Urban Development have instructed blocks, AWCs, Schools, Water and Sanitation bodies etc. to participate in STOP Diarrhoea campaign (verify communication)			Circle the departme nt sent	

communic
ation

Signature:....

# Annexure XIII: Block / urban level Supportive Supervision Checklist

For State and District level monitors			
Name of monitor:	Designation:	Organization:	_
Mob. No:			
Name of district:	Name of block / u	rban area:	_

Date of visit:	
Planning at block / urban level	
Name of BMO / Municipal MO and mobile no.:	
BMO / Municipal MO attended the district level steering committee	Yes/ No
meeting on STOP Diarrhoea Campaign	
Block / urban area level filled operational plan available	Yes/ No
ASHA level filled listing of under children available for all villages	Yes/ No
Block level filled VHNSC plan available for all villages	Yes/ No
Block reporting format available	Yes/ No
Sub-centre reporting formats distributed to all sub-centers	Yes/ No
Funds for ASHA incentives received	Yes/ No
ORS - Zinc corner (prioritize visit to Medical College, Distric	t Hospital,
Children Hospital, Block Hospital)	
Established in OPD area	Yes/ No
ODG 11.1	77 / DT

	, TT •, 1		
ORS – Zinc corner (prioritize visit to Medical College, District Hospital,			
Children Hospital, Block Hospital)			
Established in OPD area	Yes/ No		
ORS available	Yes/ No		
Zinc available	Yes/ No		
Drinking water available	Yes/ No		
All the corner staff trained on diarrhoea management within last 1	Yes/ No		
month			
Plan A treatment protocol displayed	Yes/ No		
Plan B treatment protocol displayed	Yes/ No		
ORS – Zinc poster displayed	Yes/ No		
Established in ward	Yes/ No		
ORS available	Yes/ No		
Zinc available	Yes/ No		
Drinking water available	Yes/ No		
All MO & nurses of ward trained on diarrhoea management within last	Yes/ No		
1 month			
Plan A treatment protocol displayed	Yes/ No		
Plan B treatment protocol displayed	Yes/ No		
Plan C treatment protocol displayed in ward	Yes/ No		

ORS – Zinc poster displayed				Yes/ No
Last case of diarrhoea was prescribed Zinc during discharge (verify				Yes/ No
record)				
Mobile team				
Mobile teams required for the bl	ock			Yes/ No
Mobile teams constituted				Yes/ No
Mobile teams have visited slums	s / orphanage	es / migrant	population	Yes/ No
/ Tribal pockets (verify record)				
Supportive supervision				
District monitor has visited the	block for mon	itoring		Yes/ No
Supportive supervision plan ava	ilable			Yes/ No
Supervisors visiting as per plan				Yes/ No
Visit villages where VHNSC	Village 1	Village 2	Village 3	Village 4
meeting is planned on day of				
supportive supervision				
Name of village visited				
VHNSC meeting held on	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
sanitation				
Name of ASHA and mobile no.				
	_	_	_	
ASHA trained on her role in	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
STOP Diarrhoea within last 1				
month				/
ORS – Zinc distribution by	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
ASHA / ANM is as per plan				
ASHA used the STOP				
Diarrhoea IEC material during				
counselling of mothers  No. of houses with under 5				
children visited by monitor (at least 3 houses where ASHA has				
already visited)				
Of the above, no. of houses				
where ORS was distributed by				
ASHA				
No. of houses (respondents)				
who saw any poster/ hoarding,				
TV commercial or radio spot on				
diarrhoea during the STOP				
Diarrhoea Campaign				

No. of houses (respondents)				
who known what to do if their				
(				
health advise from ASHA/				
AWW, ORS + Zinc)				
No. of houses (respondents)				
who know where to get ORS				
and Zinc from (Health centres,				
ASHAs/ ANM)				
No. of houses (respondents)				
who know what can they do to				
prevent diarrhoea(hand wash,				
disposal of feces)				
	School 1	School 2	School 3	School 4
Name of school visited				
Name of school visited				
After morning assembly /	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
After morning assembly /	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
After morning assembly / prayers, importance of hand	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
After morning assembly / prayers, importance of hand washing is communicated to	Yes/ No Yes/ No	Yes/ No Yes/ No	Yes/ No Yes/ No	,
After morning assembly / prayers, importance of hand washing is communicated to students.	·	,	,	Yes/ No Yes/ No
After morning assembly / prayers, importance of hand washing is communicated to students.  Poster on hand-washing pasted	·	,	,	,
After morning assembly / prayers, importance of hand washing is communicated to students.  Poster on hand-washing pasted at the hand washing area	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
After morning assembly / prayers, importance of hand washing is communicated to students.  Poster on hand-washing pasted at the hand washing area  Before mid-day-meal, all	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
After morning assembly / prayers, importance of hand washing is communicated to students.  Poster on hand-washing pasted at the hand washing area  Before mid-day-meal, all children taught to wash hands	Yes/ No Yes/ No	Yes/ No Yes/ No	Yes/ No Yes/ No	Yes/ No Yes/ No
After morning assembly / prayers, importance of hand washing is communicated to students.  Poster on hand-washing pasted at the hand washing area  Before mid-day-meal, all children taught to wash hands  School activities conducted	Yes/ No Yes/ No	Yes/ No Yes/ No	Yes/ No Yes/ No	Yes/ No Yes/ No
After morning assembly / prayers, importance of hand washing is communicated to students.  Poster on hand-washing pasted at the hand washing area  Before mid-day-meal, all children taught to wash hands  School activities conducted around hygiene and sanitation	Yes/ No Yes/ No Yes/ No	Yes/ No Yes/ No Yes/ No	Yes/ No Yes/ No	Yes/ No Yes/ No
After morning assembly / prayers, importance of hand washing is communicated to students.  Poster on hand-washing pasted at the hand washing area  Before mid-day-meal, all children taught to wash hands  School activities conducted around hygiene and sanitation  Supportive supervision	Yes/ No Yes/ No Yes/ No block for moni	Yes/ No Yes/ No Yes/ No	Yes/ No Yes/ No	Yes/ No Yes/ No Yes/ No

Signature	

#### Annexure XIV: Village level Supportive Supervision Checklist

For Block level monitors

Name of supervisor:	Designation:	
Mob. No:		
Name of district:	Name of block:	
Date of visit:		

Visit villages where VHNSC meeting is planned on day of supportive supervision	Village 1	Village 2	Village 3	Village 4
Name of village visited				
VHNSC meeting on sanitation held	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
Name of ASHA and mobile no.	,	,	,	,
ASHA trained on her role in Stop Diarrhoea Campaign within last 1 month	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
Knows the activities to be done in STOP Diarrhoea Campaign [(1) Distribution of two ORS packet and 14 Zinc tablets to each mother/care giver having children under 5 years (2) Treat child with diarrhoea having no danger signs (3) Counsel Mothers/Care givers on feeding practices (4) Refer Child to facility in case child detected with danger signs during diarrhoea]	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
Listing of children as per format available with ASHA	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
Knows definition of diarrhoea[when the stools have changed from usual pattern and are many and watery (more water than fecal matter)]	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
Knows the danger signs of dehydration	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No

[Any two of the following for some dehydration eg. Restless/Irritable, Sunken Eyes, Drinking eagerly/Thirsty & Skin Pinch goes back slowly and any two of the following for Severe Dehydration eg. Lethargic or unconscious, Sunken eyes, Not able to drink or drinking poorly & skin pinch goes back very slowly (more than 2 seconds)]	Voc / No	Voc./ No.	Voc./ No.	Vog / No
Knows referral to facility in case of danger signs of diarrhoea[as per above danger signs]	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
Knows correctly the treatment of diarrhoea if the child has no danger signs [(1) Give Extra Fluids/ORS (2) Give Oral Zinc Tablets (3) Continue Feeding (4) Advise Mother when to return – Child becomes sicker/not able to drink or breast feed/blood in stool/drinking poorly/develops fever]	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
Knows correctly how to prepare ORS [assessment based on demonstration of preparation of ORS]	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
Knows correctly the doses of Zinc [2-6 months-10 mg. and 6 months to 5 years- 20 mg]	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
Knows how to administer Zinc [to be dissolved in breast milk/ plain water]	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
ORS – Zinc distribution by ASHA is as per plan  No. of houses with under 5 children visited by monitor [atleast 3 houses where ASHA has already visited]	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No

		ı	1
School 1	School	School	School 4
	2	3	
Yes/No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
/	7.7 / D.T	77 / 37	37 / NT -
Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No	Yes/ No
	Yes/ No Yes/ No	Yes/ No Yes/ No Yes/ No Yes/ No	2 3 Yes/ No Yes/ No Yes/ No Yes/ No Yes/ No

Signature:	
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ORS - Zinc Corners are usually meant for diarrhoea with **some dehydration** to be administered ORS under supervision for **4 hours**. Also these corners serve the purpose of counselling for caregivers for children with no-dehydration and initiating their treatment. .

#### Location:

ORS – Zinc corners should be established **at health facilities** like Medical Colleges, District Hospitals, Block health facilities, Primary Health Centres, Sub-Centres, and Private Paediatrics facilities etc. Earmark a suitable area in the health facility for the corner. A small corner in the OPD or ward or any other suitable area in the health facility is generally enough for this purpose. The space required would depend on the case load. While earmarking such an area it should be ensured that:

- In case of hospital, the area should be close to the nursing station or the workplace of the Doctor so that assessment of the child can be carried out frequently.
- The area should have easy access to a toilet and washing facility, where mothers can clean the child and wash their hands before feeding them.
- Area should have seating arrangements to enable mothers to sit comfortably while administering ORS to their child.
- Pleasant and well-ventilated.

#### Timings:

The ORS – Zinc corners should be **functional during OPD timings and 24 hours in paediatrics ward**. A health worker, who is trained in preparation of ORS solution and Zinc solution, should be posted to manage the corner. The corner should be prominently labelled as "ORS – Zinc Corner for treatment of diarrhoea"

#### Materials required for management of ORS – Zinc corner

• One table where sufficient ORS packets and Zinc tablets with potable drinking water in a clean container, five glasses (200 ml), bowl / cup, soap, waste-bucket, one litre vessel, clean spoons, MCP cards and leaflets are placed..

- One chair for the health worker
- Two chairs or one bench with a back where the mother can sit comfortably while holding the child
- Shelves to hold supplies

#### Counselling at the ORS - Zinc corners:

- The doctor / health staff should counsel the mother in person using MCP card on use of ORS and Zinc.
- ORS Zinc corner is a good place to display informative materials. Banner and poster on ORS Zinc, hand washing and continued feeding should be displayed at the corner.

#### **Activities:**

- At least one litre of ORS solution should be prepared daily after washing hands with soap and water. It should be readily available to the mother when required. Replenish the solution whenever required. Discard the prepared solution after 24 hours of preparation. After the mother has washed her hands thoroughly with soap and water, provide the ORS solution in bowl / cup or glass with spoon to enable her to administer the solution.
- If there is a diarrhoeal episode during ORS administration, then the child, mother and the area should be thoroughly cleaned. After washing hands again with soap and water the mother should administer ORS.
- If the child vomits, while administering ORS, then clean the child and area, and the mother should re-administer ORS slowly, after washing hands again with soap and water.
- In case of diarrhoea with no-dehydration,
  - Administer ORS solution at the corner for some time till the child is comfortable.
  - Explain the mother on how to prepare the ORS solution, if possible demonstrate.
  - Demonstrate on how to prepare age appropriate Zinc tablet solution in a spoon.
  - o Administer the first dose of Zinc tablet solution.
  - o Explain when to administer ORS and Zinc.
  - o Provide at least one ORS packet and 14 tablets of Zinc to take home.

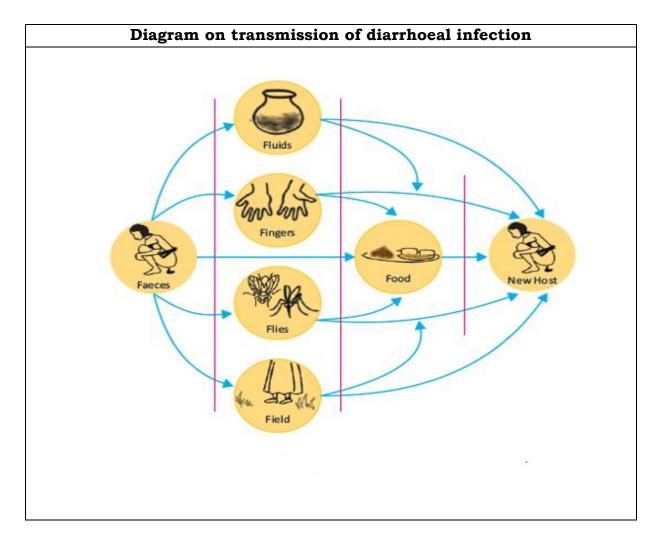
- o Advice on age appropriate feeding during diarrhoea
- o Advice when to return
- In case of diarrhoea with some-dehydration,
  - o Check whether the child has severe acute malnutrition
  - Administer ORS solution at the corner for 4 hours (5 ml / kg every 30 minutes for 2 hours and then slow rehydration over 8-10 hours for SAM)
  - o Re-assess the child for status of dehydration after 4 hours.
  - o If child has no dehydration, follow the steps of Plan A
  - o If child has severe-dehydration, the child needs to be admitted for Plan C treatment.

# Annexure XVI: Content for VHSNC meeting to be conducted during STOP Diarrhoea Campaign

CHO/ ANM should carry out **STOP Diarrhoea Campaign** meeting with VHSNC members in her sub centre village and those villages where her VHND work-plan falls in the STOP Diarrhoea Campaign. ASHA along with Anganwadi Worker will mobilize all families with under-five children as well as VHSNC members for the session.

- 1. CHO/ ANM should start the session with key message of the STOP Diarrhoea campaign highlighting importance of ORS and Zinc, hand-washing and importance of Sanitation & hygiene in control of childhood diarrhoea. MCP card should be used for this purpose.
  - a. After highlighting importance of hygiene and sanitation, CHO/ ANM and or ASHA should demonstrate hand-washing with soap and water.
  - b. CHO/ ANM should demonstrate preparation of ORS and Zinc, importance of safe water, hand-washing.
  - c. CHO/ ANM should communicate on danger signs of diarrhoea
  - d. If there are cases of diarrhoea then ANM or ASHA should assess the child and provide ORS Zinc. If child is severely dehydrated then referral should be ensured.
- 2. PLA (Participatory Learning Approach) technique to be used for advocacy around sanitation & hygiene: PLA techniques can include mapping of open defecation areas in and surrounding the village and plan for stopping open defecation, with active participation of VHSNC members and representatives from Department of Drinking Water and Sanitation.
  - 2.1 The ASHA / ANM will ask the participants to narrate the ailments caused due to water contamination. This could be Diarrhoea, Typhoid, Intestinal worms, Abdominal pain, Vomiting etc.
  - 2.2 The ASHA / ANM will ask participants to say what contaminates the water and food to cause these diseases. A relationship between human faeces, water and the diseases will be established. Focus on how faecal matter slowly recedes

into the soil. She will explain how contaminated human faeces get into water and food from open defecation through flies.



- 2.3 The ASHA / ANM will ask one of the participants who had suffered from Diarrhoea, about the suffering and cost involved for treatment.
- 2.4 The importance of use of toilet for defecation will be emphasised.
- 2.5 Geographical areas within the village and it's vicinity that are used for open defecation (i.e. toilets not used for defecation) will be marked in the map. She will explain how contaminated human faeces get into water and food from open defecation through flies.
- 2.6 A plan will be made / updated on construction of toilets in the households of the village.

3. For the above exercise, ASHA (with the help of CHO/ ANM) may test water from its source using the field test kit that is with the gram panchayats. The result of the test is available in 24 hours. The result can be declared during the above exercise.

#### **Secretariat**

In case of any further information may contact:

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